107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 1379

To amend the Public Health Service Act to establish an Office of Rare Diseases at the National Institutes of Health, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 3, 2001

Mr. Kennedy (for himself and Mr. Hatch) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

### A BILL

- To amend the Public Health Service Act to establish an Office of Rare Diseases at the National Institutes of Health, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Rare Diseases Act of
  - 5 2001".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 8 ings:

- 1 (1) Rare diseases and disorders are those which
  2 affect small patient populations, typically popu3 lations smaller than 200,000 individuals in the
  4 United States. Such diseases and conditions include
  5 Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis
  6 (Lou Gehrig's disease), Tourette syndrome, Crohn's
  7 disease, cystic fibrosis, cystinosis, and Duchenne
  8 muscular dystrophy.
  - (2) For many years, the 25,000,000 Americans suffering from the over 6,000 rare diseases and disorders were denied access to effective medicines because prescription drug manufacturers could rarely make a profit from marketing drugs for such small groups of patients. The prescription drug industry did not adequately fund research into such treatments. Despite the urgent health need for these medicines, they came to be known as "orphan drugs" because no companies would commercialize them.
  - (3) During the 1970s, an organization called the National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD) was founded to provide services and to lobby on behalf of patients with rare diseases and disorders. NORD was instrumental in pressing Con-

- 1 gress for legislation to encourage the development of 2 orphan drugs.
- 3 (4) The Orphan Drug Act created financial incentives for the research and production of such or-5 phan drugs. New federal programs at the National 6 Institutes of Health and the Food and Drug Admin-7 istration encouraged clinical research and commer-8 cial product development for products that target 9 rare diseases. An Orphan Products Board was estab-10 lished to promote the development of drugs and devices for rare diseases or disorders.
  - (5) Before 1983, some 38 orphan drugs had been developed. Since the enactment of the Orphan Drug Act, more than 220 new orphan drugs have been approved and marketed in the United States and more than 800 additional drugs are in the research pipeline.
  - (6) Despite the tremendous success of the Orphan Drug Act, rare diseases and disorders deserve greater emphasis in the national biomedical research enterprise. The Office of Rare Diseases at the National Institutes of Health was created in 1993, but lacks a statutory authorization.
  - (7) The National Institutes of Health has received a substantial increase in research funding

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- from Congress for the purpose of expanding the national investment of the United States in behavioral and biomedical research.
  - (8) Notwithstanding such increases, funding for rare diseases and disorders at the National Institutes of Health has not increased appreciably.
  - (9) To redress this oversight, the Department of Health and Human Services has proposed the establishment of a network of regional centers of excellence for research on rare diseases.
  - (10) The Food and Drug Administration supports small clinical trials through Orphan Products Research Grants. Such grants embody successful partnerships of government and industry, and have led to the development of at least 23 drugs and four medical devices for rare diseases and disorders. Yet the appropriations in Fiscal Year 2001 for such grants were less than in Fiscal Year 1995.
  - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
  - (1) amend the Public Health Service Act to establish an Office of Rare Diseases at the National Institutes of Health; and
  - (2) increase the national investment in the development of diagnostics and treatments for patients with rare diseases and disorders.

# TITLE I—NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

3	SEC. 101. NIH OFFICE OF RARE DISEASES.
4	Title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
5	281 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 404D
6	the following:
7	"OFFICE OF RARE DISEASES
8	"Sec. 404E. (a) Establishment.—There is estab-
9	lished within the Office of the Director of NIH an office
10	to be known as the Office of Rare Diseases (in this section
11	referred to as the 'Office'), which shall be headed by a
12	Director (in this section referred to as the 'Director'), ap-
13	pointed by the Director of NIH.
14	"(b) Duties.—
15	"(1) In general.—The Director of the Office
16	shall carry out the following:
17	"(A) The Director shall recommend an
18	agenda for conducting and supporting research
19	on rare diseases through the national research
20	institutes and centers. The agenda shall provide
21	for a broad range of research and education ac-
22	tivities, including scientific workshops and
23	symposia to identify research opportunities for
24	rara digaagag

- "(B) The Director shall, with respect to rare diseases, promote coordination and cooperation among the national research institutes and centers and entities whose research is supported by such institutes.
  - "(C) The Director shall enter into cooperative agreements with and make grants for regional centers of excellence on rare diseases in accordance with section 404F.
  - "(D) The Director shall promote the sufficient allocation of the resources of the National Institutes of Health for conducting and supporting research on rare diseases.
  - "(E) The Director shall promote and encourage the establishment of a centralized clearinghouse for rare and genetic disease information that will provide understandable information about these diseases to the public, medical professionals, patients and families.
  - "(F) The Director shall biennially prepare a report that describes the research and education activities on rare diseases being conducted or supported through the national research institutes and centers, and that identifies particular projects or types of projects that

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

should in the future be conducted or supported by the national research institutes and centers or other entities in the field of research on rare diseases.

- "(G) The Director shall prepare the NIH Director's annual report to Congress on rare disease research conducted by or supported through the national research institutes and centers.
- "(2) Principal advisor regarding orphan

  DISEASES.—With respect to rare diseases, the Director shall serve as the principal advisor to the Director of NIH and shall provide advice to other relevant agencies. The Director shall provide liaison with national and international patient, health and scientific organizations concerned with rare diseases.
- 17 "(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the 18 term 'rare disease' means any disease or condition that 19 affects less than 200,000 persons in the United States.
- "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, and such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.".

6

7

8

## SEC. 102. RARE DISEASE REGIONAL CENTERS OF EXCEL-2 LENCE.

- 3 Title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
- 4 281 et seg.), as amended by section 101, is further amend-
- 5 ed by inserting after section 404E the following:
- 6 "RARE DISEASE REGIONAL CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE
- "Sec. 404F. (a) Cooperative Agreements and 7
- 8 Grants.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office 9 10 of Rare Diseases (in this section referred to as the 11 'Director') shall enter into cooperative agreements 12 with and make grants to public or private nonprofit 13 entities to pay all or part of the cost of planning, es-14 tablishing, or strengthening, and providing basic op-15 erating support for regional centers of excellence for 16 clinical research into, training in, and demonstration 17 of diagnostic, prevention, control, and treatment 18 methods for rare diseases.
  - "(2) Policies.—A cooperative agreement or grant under paragraph (1) shall be entered into in accordance with policies established by the Director of NIH.
- 23 "(b) Coordination With Other Institutes.—
- 24 The Director shall coordinate the activities under this sec-
- tion with similar activities conducted by other national re-25
- search institutes, centers and agencies of the National In-

19

20

21

- 1 stitutes of Health and by the Food and Drug Administra-
- 2 tion to the extent that such institutes, centers and agen-
- 3 cies have responsibilities that are related to rare diseases.
- 4 "(c) Uses for Federal Payments Under Coop-
- 5 ERATIVE AGREEMENTS OR GRANTS.—Federal payments
- 6 made under a cooperative agreement or grant under sub-
- 7 section (a) may be used for—
- 8 "(1) staffing, administrative, and other basic
- 9 operating costs, including such patient care costs as
- are required for research;
- "(2) clinical training, including training for al-
- lied health professionals, continuing education for
- health professionals and allied health professions
- personnel, and information programs for the public
- 15 with respect to rare diseases; and
- 16 "(3) clinical research and demonstration pro-
- 17 grams.
- 18 "(d) Period of Support; Additional Periods.—
- 19 Support of a center under subsection (a) may be for a
- 20 period of not to exceed 5 years. Such period may be ex-
- 21 tended by the Director for additional periods of not more
- 22 than 5 years if the operations of such center have been
- 23 reviewed by an appropriate technical and scientific peer
- 24 review group established by the Director and if such group

- 1 has recommended to the Director that such period should
  2 be extended.
  3 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 4 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
- 5 to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, and
- 6 such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal
- 7 year.".

### 8 TITLE II—FOOD AND DRUG

### 9 **ADMINISTRATION**

- 10 SEC. 201. GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR THE DEVELOP-
- 11 MENT OF ORPHAN DRUGS.
- Subsection (c) of section 5 of the Orphan Drug Act
- 13 (21 U.S.C. 360ee(c)) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "(c) For grants and contracts under subsection (a)
- 15 there are authorized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 for
- 16 fiscal year 2002, and such sums as may be necessary for
- 17 each subsequent fiscal year.".
- 18 SEC. 202. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
- 19 Section 527(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
- 20 metic Act (21 U.S.C.360cc(a)) is amended in the matter
- 21 following paragraph (2)—
- 22 (1) by striking ", of such certification,"; and
- 23 (2) by striking ", the issuance of the certifi-
- cation,".

 $\bigcirc$